

This report is produced by OCHA in collaboration with humanitarian partners. It was issued by OCHA Myanmar Country Office. It covers the period from 29 to 30 March 2011. The next report will be issued on 31 March or 1 April 2011, depending on the availability of information.

I. HIGHLIGHTS/KEY PRIORITIES

- On 30 March, the local authorities in Tarlay have estimated that 702 houses were damaged. The Myanmar Red Cross Society (MRCS) reports that 3,152 people are homeless. Initial findings of a rapid assessment indicate that at least 18,000 people residing in 90 villages are affected by the earthquake. Most of those villages are located in Tarlay and Mong Lin.
- A significant level of assistance has been provided by Community-Based Organisations (CBOs) and the local communities in Kengtung and Tachileik.
- The local authorities have reviewed the situation and identified immediate needs in water, including the restoration of access to safe water and shelter. Other remaining needs will be identified through the coordinated assessment, which will take place on 31 March and 1 April.
- A coordinated assessment will take place on 31 March and 1 April. Teams from 11 organizations have agreed on a common assessment form and on allocation of areas to be assessed.

II. Situation Overview

On 24 March 2011, an earthquake of magnitude 6.8 on the Richter Scale and 10 km depth struck the southern parts of Shan State in the East of the Union of Myanmar (population: 3,870,921)—approximately 300 miles southeast of Mandalay seismological observatory. It was recorded at 20:29:30 hrs Myanmar Standard Time (01:55:12 PM UTC). The epicentre is estimated to be located in the southern part of Shan State at the following coordinates: 20.705°N, 99.949°E which is close to the borders between Myanmar, Thailand (South) and Laos (East). Six aftershocks have been reported from affected areas. The risk of landslides remains high.

According to initial information from partners, villages in Tarlay Sub-Township (located in Tachileik Township), including Mong Lin (West), Mong Lin (East) and Naryaung Village Tracts, are among the most affected, with significant infrastructure damage. Tachileik Township is located near the border with Thailand and Laos—47 km from the epicentre, 1,292 km North East of Yangon and 940 km East of the capital city of Naw Pyi Taw.



The latest official number of casualties currently stands at 74 deaths and 125 injuries. On 30 March, the local authorities in Tarlay have estimated that 702 houses were damaged. The Myanmar Red Cross Society (MRCS) reports 3,152 people are homeless.

Initial findings of the rapid assessment carried out by UNICEF and MRCS, in close coordination with Noble Compassionate Volunteer (NCV) and World Vision Myanmar, indicate that at least 18,000 people residing in 90 villages have been moderately or severely affected. In the 50 most severely affected villages, more than 50 per cent of all buildings have either been damaged or destroyed. In the 40 remaining villages, more than 30 per cent of all buildings have been damaged or destroyed.

The majority of these villages are located within Tarlay sub-township and Mong Lin (East) and Mong Lin (West) village tracts. Damages in areas surrounding these two tracts and one sub-township are significantly less.

A significant level of assistance has been provided by Community-Based Organisations (CBOs) and the local communities in Kengtung and Tachileik.

Geographically, a larger part of Myanmar lies in the southern part of the Himalaya and the eastern margin of the Indian Ocean, hence exposed to bigger earthquakes. Myanmar is earthquake-prone as it lies in one of the two main earthquake belts of the world, known as the Alpide Belt that starts from the northern Mediterranean in the west, and then extends eastwards to Indonesia. According to the Myanmar Action Plan for Disaster Risk Reduction (MAPDRR) 2009-2015 (August 2009), at least 18 large earthquakes have happened along the central lowland where the Sagaing fault is passing through. Another large seismogenic fault called 'Kyaukkyan Fault', approximately 500 km long is in the western part of the Shan Plateau. The largest measured earthquake in Myanmar is 8.0 Richter Scale, which occurred on the northern segment of this fault on 23 May 1912.

This is the third earthquake since the beginning of the year in Myanmar. On 4 February 2011, an earthquake of magnitude 6.4 and depth 88.8 km struck Sagaing Division at 2 PM UTC. The second one of magnitude 5.4 and depth 34.9 km, occurred on 10 March 2011 with the epicentre in Yunnan Province, China. No damages or casualties were reported in Myanmar as a result of these two previous earthquakes.

III. Humanitarian Needs and Response

The local authorities have reviewed the situation and identified immediate needs in water and shelter. Other remaining needs will be identified through the coordinated assessment, which will take place on 31 March and 1 April.

On 30 March, a meeting was organised in Tachileik with 11 organisations to agree on the common assessment format for a coordinated assessment. Coverage area was also discussed and agreed (please see the map below.) The organisations participating in this coordinated assessment include World Vision Myanmar; MRCS; Network Activity Group (NAG); CESVI; ACTED; Save the Children; Adventist Development & Relief Agency (ADRA); Myanmar Heart Development Organisation (MHDO); Karuna Myanmar Social Service (KMSS); Noble Compassionate Volunteer (NCV); and CARE. The MIMU Data Coordinator deployed to Tachileik also took part in the meeting and shared the PCode list and GPS units to five participating organisations to facilitate the coordinated assessment.

The RC/HC, together with the heads of several UN agencies and the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), will be visiting the earthquake-affected areas in the coming days.



Food

According to WFP assessment, food stocks have not been destroyed and rice is available on the markets. The prices of rice are MMK 574/kg for old stocks, and MMK 494/kg for new stocks. While paddy is available, households cannot mill it due to the damage mills. Farmers usually keep one-third of their harvest for their consumption, and export two-thirds to Thailand through Tachileik-Mae Sai border.

The Government, humanitarian organizations and private donors have distributed rice, instant noodles, cans of fish and beef as well as fresh vegetables to the affected households. However, there is no information on the duration of the assistance provided.



Emergency Shelter and Non Food items

The majority of the affected villages are located within Tarlay sub-township and Mong Lin (East) and Mong Lin (West) Village Tracts. Their residents are currently living in basic temporary shelters, built with basic supplies available, adjoined to their original houses. They are in need of additional material support to that already provided, particularly in terms of non-food items, such as tarpaulin, blankets, and household utensils.

Some of the families have relocated to the main roads to be closer to relief distribution points.

Five hundred (500) family kits, from the warehouse of MRCS in Kengtung, have been distributed to the affected population in Tarlay.

UNICEF will distribute 250 family kits already available in Tarlay to the most affected households, and plans to provide additional blankets to the families most critically in need.



Health

UNICEF reports the most common illnesses reported are diarrhoea and colds. Recent reports of diarrhoea cases have been followed up by the health authorities. Among the 96 cases reported by WV Myanmar on 29 March, 48 have been confirmed by the health authorities and none of them was severe. Oral rehydration solutions (ORS) are available in the two Inter-Agency Emergency Health Kits (IEHK) distributed by UNICEF on 26 March should cover the immediate needs of 20,000 people for three months.

The station hospital in Tarlay has been completely destroyed and the cold chain equipment necessary to carry out the routine vaccination has been severely damaged. Two of the seven Rural and Sub-Rural Health Centres in Tarlay, Mong Lin (West) and Mong Lin (East) have sustained some minor damages. UNICEF reports most midwives are currently supporting the three emergency clinics established. They are continuing the maternal and child health functions.

UNICEF will provide the necessary material and financial support to ensure that the vaccination activities continue as scheduled in April.



Logistics

A need to establish two warehouses in Tachileik and Tarlay has been identified by WV Myanmar to facilitate the ongoing relief and rehabilitation response. WFP is also assessing the storage capacity in the areas. Mobile Storage Units can be deployed immediately by WFP.

As the rainy season is due to start in several weeks, there is report that some of the affected areas are usually inaccessible due to rains and increased risk of landslides.

Flights are available daily with domestic airlines from Yangon to Tachileik and Kengtung. Myanmar Airways operates regular flights to Kengtung on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays leaving at 7:00 hrs. Air Mandalay operates daily flight to Tachileik leaving Yangon at 11:30 in the morning and reaching Tachileik at 14:35 via Mandalay.



Nutrition

No cases of child malnutrition have been observed during the assessment mission carried by UNICEF and MRCS with Noble Compassionate Volunteer (NCV) and World Vision.

UNICEF recommends that no Breast Milk Substitutes be distributed. No such substitutes have reportedly been distributed until now.



Protection

UNICEF reports no case of separated and unaccompanied children.



Water Sanitation Hygiene

A main concern for access to safe water is the damaged gravity flow system in Tarlay, which supports populations in and around Tarlay town. However, further assessment on the extent of damages is still required. In many of the villages where the water sources (dug wells and springs) were initially turbid the water has now settled, and can be used for drinking again. Water purification material is required until the water sources have fully recovered or been restored.

In addition to 160,000 water purification tablets that will cover the drinking water need for a population of 20,000 for three months, UNICEF will provide 10 drums of bleaching powders to treat the contaminated water sources.

The affected areas had a relatively high level of sanitary standards pre-disaster, with between 60 to 70 per cent coverage of latrines.

Latrines have been damaged and destroyed along with the houses and need to be restored.

IV. Coordination

The RC/HC Mr Bishow Parajuli remains in contact with the Government.

In the field, partners are encouraged to liaise with the OCHA, MRCS, World Vision and UNICEF staff at the hub established in Tachileik at the World Vision office. Information Management support is provided by MIMU in the same office.

In Tachileik, an Inter-Agency coordination meeting is held every evening at 17:00 hrs at the WV Office.

In Tarlay, a meeting with local authorities is held every evening at 16:30 hrs at the Relief Supervision Committee Office.

All the relevant documents on this emergency are uploaded on Relief Web at the following address: <http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/dbc.nsf/doc108?OpenForm&rc=3&emid=EQ-2011-000031-MMR>

A wide range of names and spellings of geographic locations are in use in this part of Myanmar. In clarifications are needed to ensure a common set of standardized names are used, kindly contact the MIMU.

V. Funding

On 30 March, India has announced an assistance of USD 1,000,000 for relief and rehabilitation.

As mentioned in the Emergency Situation Report no. 4 released on 29 March, other bilateral assistance includes USD 100,000 from Thailand; USD 500,000 from China; and USD 50,000 from the Philippines.

WV Myanmar has allocated a fund of USD 280,000 for initial response.

ADRA has allocated a fund of USD 15,000 for initial response.

Save the Children has allocated a fund of USD 11,500 for initial response.

The International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) has been granted CHF 157,000 (approximately USD 170,000) from the IFRC Disaster Relief Emergency Fund for the provision of 1,500 family kits for distribution to affected communities.

VI. Contacts

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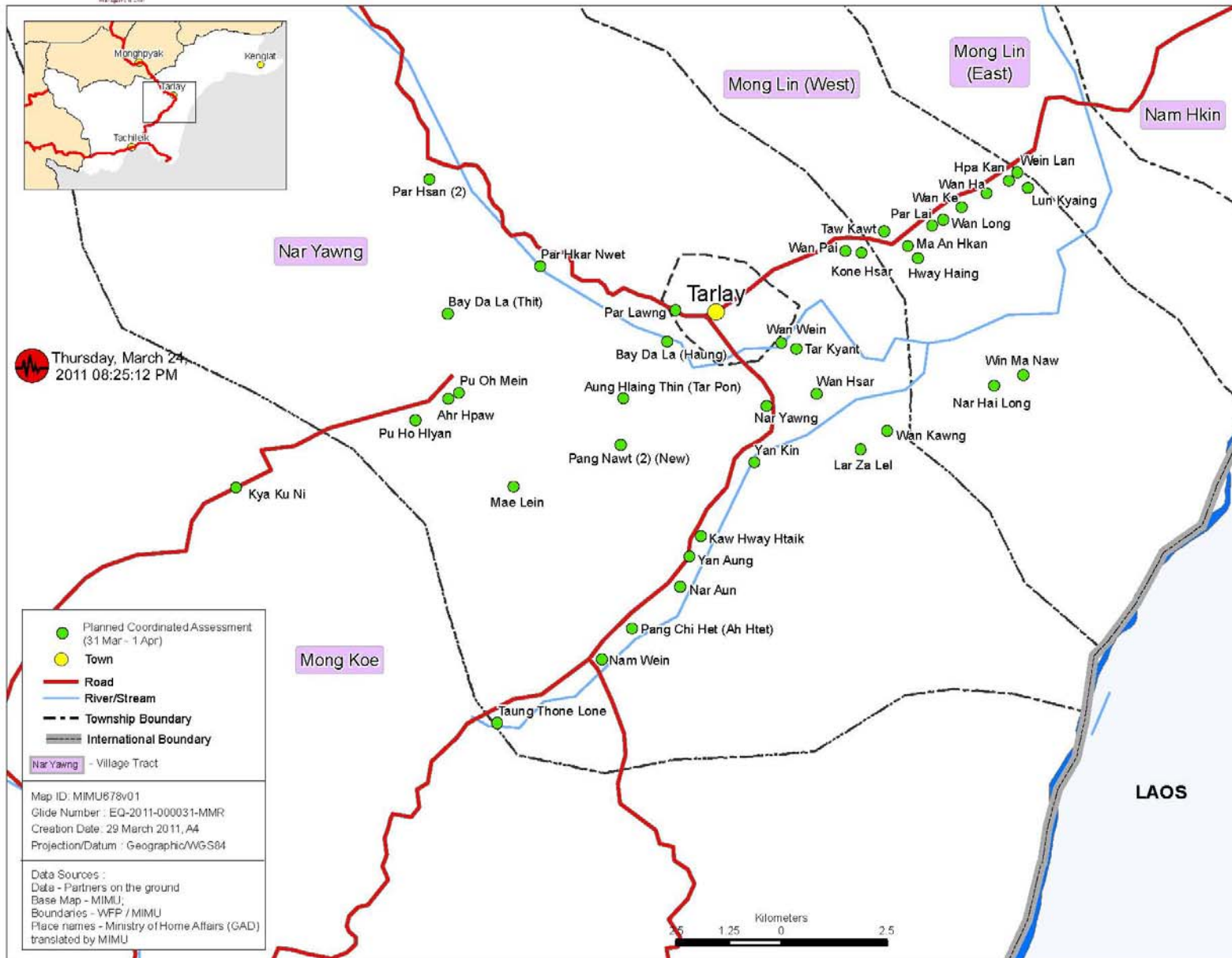
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Myanmar Information Management Unit

Earthquake in Shan State (East) - Planned Coordinated Initial Assessment



Village Tract (ကော့ကုသိုလ်)	Village (ကျေးရွာ)	Agency (အဖွဲ့အစည်း)
Mong Lin (East) မိုင်းလင်(အရှေ့)	Wan Long (ဝမ်လွင်)	SC,CESVI,LACTED
	Wan Ke (ဝမ်ကျဲ)	SC,CESVI,LACTED
	Wan Ha (ဝမ်ဟဲ)	SC,CESVI,LACTED
	Hpa Kan (ဟပဲကန်)	SC,CESVI,LACTED
	Lun Kyaing (လွန်ကျိင်)	SC,CESVI,LACTED
Mong Lin (West) မိုင်းလင်(အနောက်)	Kyaw Aung 1 (ကျော်အောင် ၁)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
	Wan Pa (ဝမ်ပဲ)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
	Kone Hsar (ကွမ်ဆာ)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
	Ma An Hsan (မာအန်ဆန်)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
	Hway Haing (ဟွေဟိုင်)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
	Mong Lun (မိုင်းလွန်)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
	Ma Hsai (မာဆဲ)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
	Par Lai (ပဲလဲ)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
	Par Lai Lar Hu (ပဲလဲလဲလှူ)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
	Pa Hsar Li Shaw (ပဲဆာလီဆော့)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
	Wan Kawng (ဝမ်ကွမ်)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
	Nar Hai Long (နာဟိုလွင်)	MHO,NAG,ADRA,NCV
Nar Yawng နာယွမ်	Par Hsan 2 (ပဲဆန် ၂)	WVM
	Yan Kin (ယန်ခိန်)	WVM
	Tar Kyant (တန်ကျိမ်)	WVM
	Wan Wein (ဝမ်ဝိုင်း)	WVM
	Wan Hsar (ဝမ်ဆာ)	WVM
	Wan Kawng (ဝမ်ကွမ်)	WVM
	Wan Hsai (ဝမ်ဆဲ)	WVM
	Wan Hsai Long (ဝမ်ဆဲလွင်)	WVM
	Wan Hsai (ဝမ်ဆဲ)	WVM
	Wan Hsai (ဝမ်ဆဲ)	WVM
	Wan Hsai (ဝမ်ဆဲ)	WVM
	Wan Hsai (ဝမ်ဆဲ)	WVM
	Wan Hsai (ဝမ်ဆဲ)	WVM
	Wan Hsai (ဝမ်ဆဲ)	WVM
	Wan Hsai (ဝမ်ဆဲ)	WVM
Mong Koe မိုင်းကျဲ	Kya Ku Ni (ကျီကျီနီ)	ADRA
	Lau Thar (လှော်ထာ)	WVM
	Pang An (ပန်အန်)	WVM
	Nar Yawng (နာယွမ်)	MRCG,KMSS
	Thun 1 (ထွန် ၁)	MRCG,KMSS
	Okh Kyin (အောက်ကျိန်)	MRCG,KMSS
	Thun 2 (ထွန် ၂)	MRCG,KMSS
	Kawng Kin (ကွမ်ခိန်)	MRCG,KMSS
	Ma Tan (မာတန်)	MRCG,KMSS
	Lu Tawng (လှူတောင်)	MRCG,KMSS
Lu Tawng (လှူတောင်)	MRCG,KMSS	

A coordinated assessment will be carried out by the agencies listed above on 31 March & 1 April. Out of 62 villages listed, 39 appear on the map. The MIMU does not yet have coordinates for the others.

Disclaimer: The names shown and the boundaries used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Agencies involved in coordinated initial rapid assessments

Township	Village Tract/Ward	Village Tract / Ward P-code	Village name in Myanmar	Village name in English	Village p-code	Agencies
Tarlay	Mong Lin (East)	MMR016009013	ဝမ်လုံ	Wan Long	214847	SC, CESVI, ACTED
Tarlay	Mong Lin (East)	MMR016009013	ဝမ်ကဲ	Wan Ke	214848	SC, CESVI, ACTED
Tarlay	Mong Lin (East)	MMR016009013	ဝမ်ဟာ (ဝမ်ဟာ)	Wan Ha	214849	SC, CESVI, ACTED
Tarlay	Mong Lin (East)	MMR016009013	ဖာနဲ	Hpa Kan	214850	SC, CESVI, ACTED
Tarlay	Mong Lin (East)	MMR016009013	လောင်းကြိုင် (လွန်ကျိုင်)	Lun Kyaing	214851	SC, CESVI, ACTED
Tarlay	Mong Lin (East)	MMR016009013	ဝိန်းလန်း	Wein Lan	214852	SC, CESVI, ACTED
Out of 15 villages in Mong Lin (East) Village Tract, 6 villages affected						
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	ကျော်အောင် ၁	Kyaw Aung 1		MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	ဝမ်ပိုင် (ဝမ်ပိုင်)	Wan Pai	214818	MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	ကုန်းဆာ (ကုန်းဆာ)	Kone Hsar	214846	MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	မအန်ခမ် (မအန်ခမ်)	Ma An Hkan	214820	MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	ဓမ္မဟိုင်း (ဓမ္မဟိုင်း)	Hway Haing	214823	MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	ပိုင်လွန်	Mong Lun		MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	မအေး	Ma Hkay		MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	ပါလိုင်	Par Lai	214825	MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	ပါလိုင် လားဟူ	Par Lai Lar Hu		MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	ပါဆန်း လီစော (ပါခဲး လီစော)	Pa Hkar Li Shaw	214819	MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	ဝမ်ကောင်း	Wan Kawng	214826	MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	နားဟိုင်းလုံ (နားဟိုင်းလုံ)	Nar Hai Long	214827	MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	ပါဆန်း ၂	Par Hkan 2		MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	ဝိန်းမနော် (ဝင်းမနော်)	Win Ma Naw	214828	MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Tarlay	Mong Lin (West)	MMR016009012	တော်ကျော်	Taw Kawt	214844	MHDO, NAG, ADRA, NCV
Out of 26 villages in Mong Lin (West) Village Tract, 5 villages affected						
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ဝမ်ဆာ	Wan Hsar	214792	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ရန်ကင်း ၁ (ရန်ကင်း)	Yan Kin	214786	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	တာကြွန်	Tar Kyant	214798	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ဝမ်ဝိန်း	Wan Wein	214797	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ဓတလ ဟောင်း	Bay Da La (Haung)	214808	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ပုဟိုင်း (ပုဟိုင်း)	Pu Oh Mein	214790	KMSS
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	အာဖော် (လှိုင်စွာ) (အာဖော်)	Ahr Hpaw	214796	KMSS
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ပါနော့ ဟောင်း	Par Naw (old)		KMSS
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ဟူဟိုင်း	Hu Ho Hlyan		KMSS
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	မယ်ဝိန်း (မယ်ဝိန်း)	Mae Lein	214801	KMSS
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ပန်းချီဟက် (ပန်းချီဟက်)	Pang Chi Het (Ah Htet)	214791	KMSS
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	မိုက်ဟိုင်းခါ	Maik Ho Hsan Hkar		KMSS
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	နားယောင်း	Nar Yawng	214780	KMSS
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	လလယ်	Lar Za Lel	214793	KMSS
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	လောဆော်	Law Hsaw		KMSS
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ပါနော့ သစ် (သီရိ ၃)	Par Nawt (New) (Thiri 3)		WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ဓသလရွာသစ်	Bay Da La (Thit)	214809	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	နော်ဘိုရွာ	Naw Bo		WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ပါလောင်း	Par Lawng	214807	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ပါဆန်းလားဟူ	Par Hsan lar Hu		WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ရန်အောင်	Yan Aung	214785	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ဓမ္မဟိုင်း/ဓမ္မဆလ	Hway Hkaik/ Hway Has Le		WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ရန်ကင်း (၂) (ရန်ကင်း)	Yan Kin	214786	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	နောင်မွန်	Nawng Mun		WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	တောင်သုံးလုံး	Taung Thone Lone	214811	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	နန်းဝိန်း (နန်းဝိန်း)	Nam Wein	214800	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ပန်းချီဟက် (ပန်းချီဟက် (အထက်))	Pang Chi Het (Ah Htet)	214791	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	ဝမ်ကောင်း	Wan Kawng	214795	WVM
Tarlay	Nar Yawng	MMR016009011	နားအွန်	Nar Aun	214794	WVM
Out of 44 villages in Nar Yawng Village Tract, 14 villages affected						
Tarlay	No (1) Ward	MMR016009703501	နားယောင်း	Nar Yaung		MRCS, KMSS
Tarlay	No (1) Ward	MMR016009703501	သီရိ ၁	Thiri 1		MRCS, KMSS
Tarlay	No (2) Ward	MMR016009703502	အုတ်ကျင်း	Oke Kyin		MRCS, KMSS
Tarlay	No (2) Ward	MMR016009703502	သီရိ ၂	Thiri 2		MRCS, KMSS
Tarlay	No (3) Ward	MMR016009703503	ကောင်းကဲ (တာလေ)	Kawng Ke (Tarlay)		MRCS, KMSS
Tarlay	No (3) Ward	MMR016009703503	တာလေ	Tarlay		
Tarlay	No (4) Ward	MMR016009703504	မတ်တန်း	Mat Tan		MRCS, KMSS
Tarlay	No (4) Ward	MMR016009703504	လူတောင်း	Lu Tawng		MRCS, KMSS
Tarlay	No (4) Ward	MMR016009703504	လူတောင်း (ပိုင်)	Lu Tawng (Mai)		MRCS, KMSS
9 villages affected in 4 Wards of Tarlay						
Tachileik	Mong Koe	MMR016009004	ကျွဲကုန်း	Kya Ku Ni	214659	ADRA
Tachileik	Mong Koe	MMR016009004	လောတာ (လောတာ)	Law Thar	214654	WVM
Tachileik	Mong Koe	MMR016009004	ပန်အန်	Pang An		WVM
Out of 53 villages in Mong Koe Village Tract, 3 villages affected						

List of relief items reportedly distributed in affected areas as of 30 March 2011

Please note this list is under constant revision and may not reflect latest entries.
This list is based on information provided for the Emergency Situation Reports and serves as a brief summary.

Education

No.	Item	Quantity	Agency	Area												Monghpyak Township	
				Tarchileik Township													
				Tarlay Sub-Township											Mong Koe VT		
				Tachileik town	Tarlay town	Ward 1	Ward 2	Ward 3	Ward 4	Nar Yawng VT	Mong Lin (East) VT	Mong Lin (West) VT	Yan Kin Village				
1	Chid-friendly spaces	7	WV				√	√	√								

Food

No.	Item	Quantity	Agency	Distribution Areas												Monghpyak Township	
				Tarchileik Township													
				Tarlay town	Tachileik town	Tarlay Sub-Township								Mong Koe VT	Yan Kin VT		
						Ward 1	Ward 2	Ward 3	Ward 4	Nar Yawng VT	Mong Lin (East) VT	Mong Lin (West) VT					
1	Can of fish	2100	NDPCC			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√		
2	Dried fish - Viss (1 viss is equivalent to 1.65kg)	210	NDPCC			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√		
3	Salt (viss)	525	NDPCC			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√		
4	Cooking Oil		WV														
5	Salt		WV														
6	Noodles	1350	WV			√	√	√	√								
7	Meal for wounded patients & medical staff at Tachileik Hospital	32	WV	√													

Health Sector

No.	Item	Quantity	Agency	Distribution Areas											Monghpyak Township	
				Tachileik town	Tarchileik Township									Mong Koe VT		Yan Kin VT
					Tarlay Sub-Township					Nar Yawng VT	Mong Lin (East) VT	Mong Lin (West) VT				
Tarlay town	Ward 1	Ward 2	Ward 3	Ward 4	Nar Yawng VT	Mong Lin (East) VT	Mong Lin (West) VT	Mong Koe VT	Yan Kin VT	Monghpyak Township						
1	Temporary hospital	1	Government		√											
2	Medical clinics		Government		√						√	√	√			
3	Mobile Clinic	1	WV							√						
4	Clean Delivery Kit	300	MRCS&UNFPA			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	Kya Ku Ni village			
5	Dignity Kit	600	MRCS&UNFPA			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	Kya Ku Ni village			
6	Inter-Agency Emergency Health Kits (IEHK)**	2	UNICEF	√	√											
7	Oral Rehydration Solution (ORS)	500 peckets	WV			√	√	√	√				√			
8	Surgical kits		WHO													
9	Medical supplies, including antibiotics, IV, syringes,etc.		WHO													
10	First aid kits		UNICEF													
11	First aid kits***		WV	√	√											

Remarks:

* The temporary hospital has been established by the Government in Tarlay Sub-Township to serve people from Tarlay and surrounding areas.

** UNICEF provided two IEHKs to support the operations of Tachileik and Tarly Hospitals, which serve patients from both Tarlay town and surrounding areas.

The two IEHKs include medical supplies, such as ORS, water purifications tablets, etc, that can serve 20,000 patients for three months.

*** WV Myanmar distributed first aid kits to Tarlay and Tachileik hospitals, which serve patients from Tarlay town, Tachileik town and surrounding areas.

Shelter & NFI

No.	Item	Quantity	Agency	Distribution Areas													
				Tarchileik Township											Mong Koe VT	Yan Kin VT	Monghpyak Township
				Tachileik town	Tarlay town	Tarlay Sub-Township				Nar Yawng VT	Mong Lin (East) VT	Mong Lin (West) VT					
Ward 1	Ward 2	Ward 3	Ward 4														
1	Tarpaulin tent	35	NDPCC			√	√	√	√	√	√	√			√		
2	Tarpaulin (6 X 8 feet)	150	NDPCC			√	√	√	√	√	√	√			√		
3	Longyis (for male and female)	800	NDPCC			√	√	√	√	√	√	√			√		
4	Blanket	400	NDPCC			√	√	√	√	√	√	√			√		
5	Cooking utensils	400	NDPCC			√	√	√	√	√	√	√			√		
6	Bath towel	400	NDPCC			√	√	√	√	√	√	√			√		
7	Tent (for temporary shelter)	300	MRCS			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	Kya Ku Ni village				
8	Plastic mat	600	MRCS			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	Kya Ku Ni village				
9	Plastic tarpaulin (9X12 feet)	1200	WV			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√				
10	Mosquito net	250	WV			√	√	√	√								
11	Candle pack (5 candles per pack)	500	WV			√	√	√	√								
12	Mat	250	WV			√	√	√	√								
13	Temporary shelter materials (9 X 12 feet Plastic Sheet)	250	WV			√	√	√	√								
14	Family Kit (including two tarps, two blankets, one mosquito net, one kitchen set, clothes)	125	MRCS														

WASH

No.	Item	Quantity	Agency	Area												
				Tarchileik Township											Mong Koe VT	Monghpyak Township
				Tachileik town	Tarlay town	Ward 1	Ward 2	Ward 3	Ward 4	Nar Yawng VT	Mong Lin (East) VT	Mong Lin (West) VT	Yan Kin Village			
1	Water Tank (1,000 litres)	3	WV													
2	Bottled water (litre)	5400	WV		√	√	√	√	√	√			√			
3	Water (litre)	1500	WV			√	√	√	√	√	√	√				
4	Water purification tablets	96000	WV	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√			
5	Water purification tablets	80000	UNICEF													
6	Pipe for latrine (set)	500	UNICEF													